Journal of Automata, Languages and Combinatorics 8 (2003) 4, 663–674 © Otto-von-Guericke-Universität Magdeburg

APPROXIMATION LOWER BOUNDS IN ONLINE LIB BIN PACKING AND COVERING¹

PRABHU MANYEM², RHONDA L. SALT³

School of Mathematics and Statistics, University of South Australia Mawson Lakes, SA 5095, Australia e-mail: pmanyem@linus.levels.unisa.edu.au

and

MARC SIMON VISSER⁴

Mirastraat 93, 7521 ZG Enschede, The Netherlands e-mail: marcsimonvisser@hotmail.com

ABSTRACT

We consider the NP Hard problems of online Bin Packing and online Bin Covering while requiring that larger (or longer, in the one dimensional case) items be placed at the bottom of the bins, below smaller (or shorter) items – we call such a version, the *LIB* version of problems. All bins are of unit size. In online LIB uniform-sized Bin Packing (USBP), we prove a lower bound of two on the approximation ratio for two popular heuristics belonging to the *any fit* class as well as the *bounded space* Harmonic Fit heuristic. In online LIB uniform-sized Bin Covering (USBC), it gets worse: We prove a lower bound of $\Theta(n)$ on the approximation ratio for all the heuristics mentioned above, lending credibility to a conjecture on the online USBC problem with the LIB constraint that no polynomial-time (deterministic) approximation algorithm for this problem with LIB can guarantee an AAR that is a constant, unless P = NP.

Keywords: Online approximation algorithm, asymptotic worst case ratio, bin packing problem, bin covering problem, longest item, uniform sized bins

1. Background

In the classical one-dimensional Bin Packing problem, we are given a list $L = (i : 1 \le i \le n)$ of items. The *size* of item *i* is a_i , where each $a_i \in (0, 1]$. The problem is to pack these *n* items into bins such that the number of bins used is minimized. A bin is said to be *used* if it contains at least one item (of non-zero length).

¹Full version of a lecture presented at the *Thirteenth Australasian Workshop on Combinatorial Algorithms* (Kingfisher Bay Resort, Fraser Island, Queensland, Australia, July 7-10, 2002).

²With support from the Sir Ross and Sir Keith Smith Foundation in Adelaide, Australia.

³With support from the School of Mathematics, University of South Australia.

⁴Supported by an exchange program between the University of South Australia and the University of Twente.